COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF PHILOSOPHY		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF PHILOLOGY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	LAFF 230 SEMESTER		
COURSE TITLE	Cicero, On Friendship (De amicitia)		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	omponents of the course, e.g. e credits are awarded for the HOURS CREDITS		
		3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation methods used are described in detail at (a	1		
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Scientific Field		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	None		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES (in Greek)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://classweb.cc.uoc.gr/classes.asp		

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The main goals of the course are for the students to comprehend the term *amicitia* in the Late Roman Republic and to use the dialogue, *De amicitia*, in order to investigate Cicero's views of friendship, while also discussing the intertextuality with ancient Greek philosophy. Throughout the semester, an effort will be developed to familiarize the students with grammar, syntax and the main vocabulary of the dialogue, as well as with the method of translating and understanding a seen text.

At the same time, the course has the following $\Sigma U \chi \rho \delta V \omega \zeta$, to $\mu \delta \theta \eta \mu \alpha \delta \chi \epsilon I \tau O U \zeta$

ακόλουθους additional goals:

1. Introduction to the genre of philosophical dialogue and familiarization with the terminology related to *amicitia* (*benevolentia*, *benignitas*, *gratia*, *fides*, *amor*, *existimatio*).

2. Examination of the socio-political framework within which *amicitia* occurs in the 1^{st} c. B.C.

3. Development of critical thinking by focusing on the interpretations of the text that the students themselves can provide and comparing them with the views of modern scholars.

4. Understanding the significance of grammar and syntax for the translation and interpretation of the text.

By the end of the classes, the students will be able:

1. To translate in proper modern Greek most of the dialogue, *De amicitia*.

2. To refer the constituent parts of *amicitia* as stated in the dialogue.

3. To explain the role that philosophy played in the lives of Romans during the Late Roman Republic as well as in Cicero's own life.

4. To comprehend the special place that Atticus had in Cicero's life and how the fact that Atticus was an Epicurean did not affect their friendship.

5. To state the circumstances under which the dialogue is written in terms of Cicero's role in Roman politics and the possible reasons for which he wrote the dialogue.

6. To identify the intertexts between the dialogue *De amicitia* and others works from ancient Greek philosophy and thus to acquire the skill of comparing passages from different sources to draw more general conclusions.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others

(3) SYLLABUS

Class 1:

Brief introduction to the life and political career of Cicero with emphasis on the political background of the dialogue. Overview of passages from Roman and Greek sources in which the topic of friendship is explored (Plato, Xenophon, Aristotle, Epicurus, Plautus, Lucretius,

Caesar, Seneca, Fronto). Discussion of the significance of *De amicitia* in literature from the day of its publication until modern times.

Classes 2-12:

Structure of the dialogue and introduction to the characters of the dialogue. Examination of select passages from the original with emphasis on terminology and on the differences between Cicero's text and modern views of friendship as well as principal parts of friendship according to Aristotle and Epicurus.

Class 13:

Recapitulation of Cicero's main views of the inferior types of friendship, which he refuses to regard as kinds of *amicitia*.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face to face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of ICT in teaching support of teaching procedure via e-class communication with students via email 		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Lectures	39 hours	
	Independent Study	83 hours	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Final written exam	3 hours	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of			
the ECTS	Course total	125 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Final written exam including: -translation or comprehension of texts -exercises of syntax and grammar -questions about Cicero's philosophical treatises and the events of 44 B.C. -interpretation of selected passages from Cicero's <i>De amicitia</i>		

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Brunt, P.A. (1988), "Amicitia in the Late Roman Republic", in his The Fall of the

Roman Republic and Related Essays, Oxford, 351-81.

Burton, P.J. (2004), "Amicitia in Plautus: a study of Roman friendship processes", AJPh 125, 209-43.

Citroni Marchetti, S. (2009), "Words and silence: Atticus as the dedicatee of De Amicitia", CW 103, 93-9.

Drijepondt, H. L. F. (1963), "Cicero's Laelius de Amicitia: eine Einheit", Acta Classica 6, 64-80.

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Fiore, B.S.J. (1996), "The theory and practice of friendship in Cicero", in J.T.Fitzgerald (ed.), Greco-Roman Perspectives on Friendship, Atlanta, 59-76.

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Gruber-Miller, J. (2009), "Exploring relationships: amicitia and familia in Cicero's De Amicitia", CW 103, 88-92.

Konstan, D. (1997), Friendship in the Classical World, Cambridge.

Leach, E.W. (1993), "Absence and desire in Cicero's De Amicitia", CW 87, 3-20.

Perlwitz, O. (1992), Titus Pomponius Atticus: Untersuchungen zur Person eines Einflussreichen Ritters in der Ausgehenden Römischen Republik, Stuttgart.

Powell, J.G.F. (1990), Cicero: Laelius on Friendship and the Dream of Scipio, Warminster.

Verboven K. (2011), "Friendship", in M.Peachin (ed.), The Oxford Handbook of Social Relations in the Roman World, New York and Oxford, 404-421.

Wallace-Hadrill, A. (1989), ed., Patronage in Ancient Society, New York and London.